

Australian Government

International Air Services Commission

DECISION

Decision:

[2017] IASC 212

Variation of:

[2016] IASC 107

The Route:

Hong Kong

The Applicant:

Virgin Australia International Airlines Pty Ltd

(Virgin Australia) ACN 125 580 823

Public Register File:

IASC/APP/201722

The Commission varies Determination [2016] IASC 107 to permit the capacity entitlements on the Hong Kong route to be used for code share services between Virgin Australia and Hong Kong Airlines.

1 The application

- 1.1 On 18 May 2017, Virgin Australia applied to the International Air Services Commission (the Commission) for a variation of Determination [2016] IASC 107 to enable Hong Kong Airlines to offer code share services on flights operated by Virgin Australia on the Hong Kong route. Virgin Australia provided a copy of the confidential code share agreement to the Commission. It is planned that code share tickets would be made available on sale from 19 June 2017 for travel from 5 July 2017, to coincide with Virgin Australia's commencement of own-operated services to Hong Kong.
- 1.2 The Commission published a notice, in accordance with section 22 of the *International Air Services Commission Act 1992* (the Act), inviting submissions about the application for variation. No submissions were received. All non-confidential material supplied by the applicant is available on the Commission's website, www.iasc.gov.au.

2 Air services arrangements

The Commission has consulted the Department of Infrastructure and Regional Development with respect to the code share proposal put forward by Virgin Australia and Hong Kong Airlines. The Department has confirmed that the proposal is within the scope of the air services arrangements currently in place between Australia and Hong Kong.

3 Commission's assessment

3.1 Virgin Australia's application seeks to vary the Determination to include a condition of a kind referred to in paragraph 15(2)(e) of the Act. In view of this, the application is a transfer application as so defined in subsection 4(1) of the Act and has been assessed in accordance with section 25.

- 3.2 Subsection 25(1) provides that the Commission must make a decision varying the determination in a way that gives effect to the variation requested, subject to subsection 25(2). Subsection 25(2) states that the Commission must not make a decision varying the determination in a way that varies, or has the effect of varying an allocation of capacity if the Commission is satisfied that the allocation, as so varied, would not be of benefit to the public.
- 3.3 Under section 26 of the Act, in assessing the benefit to the public of a variation of an allocation of capacity, the Commission is required to apply the criteria set out in any policy statement issued by the Minister under section 11.
- 3.4 Pursuant to section 11 of the Act, then Minister for Transport and Regional Services, the Hon. John Anderson MP issued Policy Statement No. 5 (hereinafter referred to as the Policy Statement) dated 19 May 2004. The Policy Statement sets out the range of criteria which the Commission is required to apply in assessing the benefit to the public of allocations of capacity. It also provides other guidance to the Commission in performing its functions.
- 3.5 Paragraph 6.3 of the Policy Statement provides that, subject to paragraph 6.4, where a carrier requests a variation of a determination to allow it flexibility in operating its capacity, including to use the Australian capacity in a code share arrangement with a foreign carrier, and no submission is received about the application, only the criteria in paragraph 4 of the Policy Statement are applicable.
- 3.6 Paragraph 6.4 provides, in part, that the Commission may apply the additional criteria in paragraph 5 in the circumstances set out in paragraph 3.6 of the Policy Statement.
- 3.7 Under paragraph 3.6, where capacity that can be used for code share operations is available under air services arrangements, including where foreign airlines have rights to code share on services operated by Australian carriers, the Commission would generally be expected to authorise applications for use of capacity to code share. However, if the Commission has serious concerns that a code share application (or other joint service proposal) may not be of benefit to the public, it may subject the application to more detailed assessment using the additional criteria set out in paragraph 5 (whether the application is contested or not). Before doing so, the Commission will consult with the Australian Competition and Consumer Commission (the ACCC).
- 3.8 The Commission notes that currently only three airlines provide direct services between points in Australia and Hong Kong -- Cathay Pacific with 71.0% share of passenger traffic; Qantas with 26.8% share; and Hong Kong Airlines with 2.2% share.¹ Virgin Australia is expected to commence its own services from 5 July this year between Melbourne and Hong Kong. There are a number of other international airlines offering code share services between Australia and Hong Kong, including British Airways, Finnair, Jet Airways, Japan Airlines, Lufthansa, Swiss International Airlines and Qatar Airways².
- 3.9 Hong Kong Airlines operates direct services between Hong Kong and the Gold Coast and on the northbound route, from the Gold Coast to Hong Kong, via Cairns. Though Virgin Australia and Hong Kong Airlines would be operating services between Australia and Hong

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¹ Year ended December 2016, Bureau of Infrastructure, Transport and Regional Economics

² Northern Summer 2017 International Airlines Timetable Summary, <u>www.infrastructure.gov.au</u>

Kong from July this year, their services do not overlap. In light of this, the Commission has no serious concerns that the proposed code share between Virgin Australia and Hong Kong Airlines would impact on competition on the Hong Kong route. For this reason, the Commission did not specifically consult the ACCC and did not consider it necessary to apply the additional criteria in paragraph 5 of the Policy Statement.

- 3.10 Under paragraph 4 of the Policy Statement, the use of entitlements by Australian carriers under a bilateral arrangement is of benefit to the public unless such carriers are not reasonably capable of obtaining the necessary approvals to operate on the route and of implementing their proposals. The Commission notes that Virgin Australia is an established international carrier which is clearly capable of obtaining the necessary approvals and of implementing its proposals.
- 3.11 The Commission notes further that, on 20 March 2017, the ACCC has given interim authorisation for the Alliance Framework Agreement and associated agreements between Virgin Australia and HNA Group/ Hong Kong Airlines/ Hong Kong Express Airways. The Alliance Agreement Framework includes reciprocal code share agreements; special prorate agreements; reciprocal frequent flyer participation and lounge access agreement; and cooperation on joint pricing and scheduling of services between Australia and mainland China and Hong Kong.³
- 3.12 In granting the interim authorisation, the ACCC stated that the proposed conduct (of giving effect to the Alliance Agreement) appears likely to result in some public benefit and limited public detriment. The ACCC further considered that the Alliance Agreement would assist in facilitating the commencement of new services between Australia and Hong Kong by Virgin Australia and support existing services by Virgin Australia and the HNA Group/Hong Kong Airlines/ Hong Kong Express by allowing each airline to market and sell the services operated by the other Alliance partner.⁴
- 3.13 In light of the above, the Commission has decided to permit the use of the capacity on the Hong Kong route for code share services between Virgin Australia and Hong Kong Airlines to be conducted in accordance with the Australia-Hong Kong air services arrangements.
- 3.14 Subsection 15(1) of the Act empowers the Commission to include such terms and conditions as it thinks fit. Paragraph 15(2)(e) requires the inclusion of a condition stating the extent to which the carrier may use that capacity in joint services with another carrier. As is its normal practice, the Commission will also include a condition requiring the airlines to comply with the Australian Consumer Law and to take all reasonable steps to ensure that passengers are informed of the carrier that is actually operating the flight.
- 3.15 Nothing in this decision should be taken as indicating either approval or disapproval by the ACCC. This decision is made without prejudicing, in any way, possible future consideration of code share operations by the ACCC.

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³ http://registers.accc.gov.au/content/index.phtml/itemId/1201183/fromItemId/278039

⁴ http://registers.accc.gov.au/content/index.phtml/itemId/1201183/fromItemId/278039/display/acccDecision

4 Decision varying Determination [2016] IASC 107 allocating capacity to Virgin Australia on the Hong Kong route ([2017] IASC 212)

4.1 In accordance with section 25 of the Act, the Commission varies Determination [2016] IASC 107 which allocates seven frequencies of capacity per week in each direction to Virgin Australia on the Hong Kong route, by:

adding the following conditions to the Determination:

- the capacity may be used by Virgin Australia for code share services with Hong Kong Airlines to be conducted in accordance with Australia's air services arrangements with Hong Kong and the code share agreement between Virgin Australia and Hong Kong Airlines dated 4 May 2017;
- Virgin Australia must apply to the Commission for approval of the use of the capacity if
 there are variations to the code share arrangement which would change the relevant
 commercial aspects of the code share arrangement from a free sale code share
 arrangement to a block space, or vice versa, or if Virgin Australia proposes to add third
 country routes on which the airlines will code share where Australian capacity will be
 used for services on the route;
- to the extent that the capacity is used to provide code share services on the route, the airlines must take all reasonable steps to ensure that passengers are informed, at the time of booking, of the carrier actually operating the flight. Nothing in this determination exempts the airlines from complying with the Australian Consumer Law.
- 4.2 The variation takes effect from the date of this instrument and is valid for the duration of the Determination.

Dated: 7 June 2017

IAN DOUGLAS Chairperson LAN HARRIS Commissioner